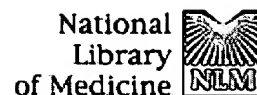
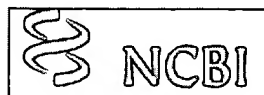


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1	BRS	740	buspirone	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
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4	BRS	0	buspirone same (atherosclero\$4 or arteriosclero\$4 or restenosis )	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
5	BRS	368189	depress\$6	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
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9	BRS	2419	niacin	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
10	BRS	1305	lovastatin	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
11	BRS	8884	atherosclero\$4 or arteriosclero\$4 or restenosis	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
12	BRS	4	niacin same (atherosclero\$4 or arteriosclero\$4 or restenosis )	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
13	BRS	36	lovastatin same (atherosclero\$4 or arteriosclero\$4 or restenosis )	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
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20	BRS	73	424/523.ccls.	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB

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1: Am J Cardiol 1994 Jun 1;73(15):1037-40

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**Prevention of restenosis after percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty by reducing lipoprotein (a) levels with low-density lipoprotein apheresis. Low-Density Lipoprotein Apheresis Angioplasty Restenosis Trial (L-ART) Group.**

**Daida H, Lee YJ, Yokoi H, Kanoh T, Ishiwata S, Kato K, Nishikawa H, Takatsu F, Kato H, Kutsumi Y, et al.**

Department of Internal Medicine, Juntendo University, Juntendo Urayasu Hospital, Tokyo, Japan.

This study was designed to test the hypothesis that high plasma lipoprotein (a) (Lp[a]) levels are associated with an increase incidence of restenosis after angioplasty. Elective transluminal coronary angioplasty was performed in 66 patients (58 men and 8 women) aged 57 +/- 9 years (mean +/- SD). Two days before and 5 days after angioplasty, all patients underwent low-density lipoprotein (LDL) apheresis with a dextran sulfate cellulose column as an Lp(a) absorbent; 39 patients also received 10 mg of pravastatin and 1,500 mg of niacin daily. Restenosis was defined as a recurrent luminal stenosis of > or = 50% in a previously dilated segment. Median Lp(a) levels were reduced from 23.3 mg/dl before apheresis to 10.9 mg/dl after apheresis ( $p < 0.0001$ ). Angiography performed 2 to 9 months after angioplasty revealed restenosis in at least 1 site in 38% of the 137 control patients and in 32% of the 66 patients who underwent apheresis. Restenosis also occurred in 37% of the patients who underwent apheresis alone and in 28% of the patients who also received pravastatin and niacin in combination with LDL apheresis. The restenosis rate was 21% in the 42 patients whose Lp(a) levels were significantly reduced > or = 50%, and in 50% of the 24 patients whose Lp(a) levels were significantly reduced < 50% ( $p < 0.05$ ). (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED AT 250 WORDS)

Publication Types:

- o Clinical Trial
- o Controlled Clinical Trial
- o Multicenter Study

RC681.A1 A56

PMID: 8198026 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

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